

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# FOR PROFESSIONAL and/or INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY EPIKOTE<sup>TM</sup> Resin MGS RIMR 035C

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking\_

#### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : EPIKOTE<sup>TM</sup> Resin MGS RIMR 035C

SDS Number : BAK0000399

**Product type** : Resin

Other means of identification : UFI: PP2S-10NU-100Y-T7AT

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use Binder

**Identified uses** Not applicable.

Uses advised against

Not applicable.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Manufacturer/Supplier/Importer**: Westlake Epoxy B.V.

Seattleweg 17

3195 ND Pernis - Rotterdam

The Netherlands

**Contact person** : epoxyservice@westlake.com

Telephone : General information

+31 (0) 10 295 4000

1.4

**Emergency telephone number** 

 Supplier
 : CARECHEM24

 Telephone number
 : +44 (0) 1235 239 670

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Corr./Irrit. 2 H315

Eye Dam./Irrit. 2 H319 Skin Sens. 1 H317 Repr. 1B H360F Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word

**Hazard statements** 

: Danger

: Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May damage fertility.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use.

Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face

protection, or hearing protection. Avoid release to the environment.

Avoid breathing vapor.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Response** : Collect spillage.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

IF ON SKIN:

Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

IF IN EYES:

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists:

Get medical advice or attention.

**Storage** : Not applicable.

**Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional, national and international regulations.

**Hazardous ingredients** : bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane

Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.

**Supplemental label elements** Not applicable.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M- factors and ATEs	Туре
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phenyl]pro pane	RRN: 01- 2119456619-26 EC: 216-823-5 CAS: 1675-54-3 Index: 603-073-00-2	>= 50 - <= 75	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Skin Irrit. 2, H315: >= 5 % Eye Irrit. 2, H319: >= 5 %	[1]
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	RRN: 01- 2119454392-40 EC: 701-263-0	>= 10 - <= 25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.		>= 10 - <= 25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 1B, H360F	-	[1]

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### **Type**

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact**: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses.

Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as

a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact**: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing

and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion** 

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention

immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without Protection of first aid personnel

suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eve contact** Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain or irritation watering

Adverse symptoms may include the following: Inhalation

redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist Notes to physician immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media

- Use dry chemical, CO2, alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog).
- : Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds

#### **5.3** Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

**Additional information** : Not available

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### **6.2** Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

#### **6.4** Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8 of SDS). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of SDS) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations** : Not available

**Industrial sector specific** 

Not available

solutions

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### **8.1** Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known. **Recommended monitoring procedures** 

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredie	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
nt name					
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phe nyl]propane	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8.3 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phe nyl]propane	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	12.3 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phe nyl]propane	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8.3 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phe nyl]propane	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12.3 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phe nyl]propane	DNEL	Short term Dermal	3.6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phe nyl]propane	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.75 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phe nyl]propane	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.75 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phe nyl]propane	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phe nyl]propane	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.75 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
bis-[4-(2,3- epoxipropoxi)phe	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.75 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic

nyl]propane					
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8.3 μg/cm <sup>2</sup>	Workers	Local
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	DNEL	Long term Dermal	104.15 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	29.39 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	DNEL	Long term Dermal	62.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	8.7 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	DNEL	Long term Oral	6.25 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
oxirane, mono[(C12-14- alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.49 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
oxirane, mono[(C12-14- alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.087 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
oxirane, mono[(C12-14- alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.75 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
oxirane, mono[(C12-14- alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.089 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
oxirane, mono[(C12-14- alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.05 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic

**DNEL/DMEL Summary** 

Not available

#### **PNECs**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
bis-[4-(2,3-	PNEC	Fresh water	6 μg/l	
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]prop				
ane				
bis-[4-(2,3-	PNEC	Marine	1 μg/l	
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]prop				
ane				
bis-[4-(2,3-	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l	
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]prop				
ane				

1: 14 (2.2	DVIEC	T. 1	
bis-[4-(2,3-	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	0.341 mg/kg dw
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]prop			
ane			
bis-[4-(2,3-	PNEC	Marine water sediment	0.034 mg/kg dw
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]prop			
ane			
bis-[4-(2,3-	PNEC	Soil	0.065 mg/kg dw
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]prop			
ane			
Bisphenol F diglycidyl	PNEC	Fresh water	0.003 mg/l
ether, reaction mass of			
isomers			
Bisphenol F diglycidyl	PNEC	Marine	0.0003 mg/l
ether, reaction mass of			
isomers			
Bisphenol F diglycidyl	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l
ether, reaction mass of			1 3 3.3.8.1
isomers			
Bisphenol F diglycidyl	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	0.294 mg/kg dw
ether, reaction mass of	THEC	Tesh water sediment	0.2)+ mg/ kg dw
isomers			
Bisphenol F diglycidyl	PNEC	Marine water sediment	0.0294 mg/kg dv
ether, reaction mass of	TNLC	Warme water sediment	0.02)4 mg/kg uv
isomers			
Bisphenol F diglycidyl	PNEC	Soil	0.237 mg/kg dw
ether, reaction mass of	FNEC	Son	0.237 Hig/kg dw
·			
isomers	DNIEC	Lateración est Delevere	0.0254 //
Bisphenol F diglycidyl	PNEC	Intermittent Releases	0.0254 mg/l
ether, reaction mass of			
isomers	DVIEC		0.0072
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-	PNEC	Fresh water	0.0072 mg/l
alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.			2.72
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-	PNEC	Marine	0.72 μg/l
alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.			
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-	PNEC	Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l
alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.			
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-	PNEC	Fresh water sediment	307.16 mg/kg dv
alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.			
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-	PNEC	Marine water sediment	30.716 mg/kg dv
alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.			
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-	PNEC	Soil	61.42 mg/kg dw
alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.			
DNEC Summery		Not available	•

PNEC Summary : Not available

Derived No-Effect Levels' (DNEL's) and Predicted No-Effect Concentrations' (PNEC's)

#### **Explanatory note:**

REACH requires manufacturers and importers to establish and report 'Derived No-Effect Levels' (DNEL's) for humans by inhalation, ingestion and dermal routes of exposure and 'Predicted No-Effect Concentrations' (PNEC's) for environmental exposure. DNEL's and PNEC's are established by the registrant without an official consultation process, and are not intended to be directly used for setting workplace or general population exposure limits. They are primarily used as input values in running Quantitative Risk Assessment models (like the ECETOC-TRA model).

Due to differences in calculation methodology the DNEL will tend to be lower (sometimes significantly) than any corresponding health-based OEL for that chemical substance. Further although DNEL's (and PNEC's) are an indication for setting risk reduction measures, it should be recognized that these limits do not have the same regulatory application as officially endorsed governmental OEL's.

#### **8.2** Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls** 

If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

#### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** 

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

#### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Material: 730 Camatril

Minimum break through time: 480 min

Material: 898 Butoject

Minimum break through time: 480 min

Producer: This recommendation is valid only for our Product as delivered. If this product will be mixed with other substances you need to contact a supplier of CE approved protective gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Tel. 0049 (0) 6659 87300, Fax.

0049 (0) 6659 87155, email: vertrieb@kcl.de).

**Body protection** 

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

**Environmental exposure controls** 

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of

environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**General protective measures** 

Chemical splash goggles or face shield. Chemical-resistant gloves. Suitable protective footwear. Light protective clothing. Eyewash bottle with clean water.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state liquid Color Yellowish.

Odor Characteristic.

Odor threshold Not available (not measured) Not available (not measured) Melting point/freezing point Not available (not measured) Greater than 200 °C

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Greater than 150 °C Flash point

**Evaporation rate** Not available (not measured)

**Lower:** Not available (not measured) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits **Upper:** Not available (not measured)

Vapor pressure Less than 0.1 hPa

Vapor density Not available (not measured) Relative density Not available (not measured)

Approx. 1.13 g/cm3 **Density** 

Solubility(ies) Not available (not measured)

Solubility in water Partial

Not applicable. Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

**Auto-ignition temperature** Not available (not measured) **Decomposition temperature** Not available (not measured)

**Dynamic:** Approx. 1,250 mPa·s @ 25 °C Viscosity

**Kinematic:** Not available (not measured)

**Explosive properties** Not available (not measured) **Oxidizing properties** Not available (not measured)

Particle characteristics

Median particle size Not applicable.

#### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

**10.1** Reactivity Stable under normal conditions.

**10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

: Caustic soda (sodium hydroxide) can induce vigorous polymerisation at temperatures around 200 °C.

**10.5** Incompatible materials

 Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: strong oxidizing agents, sodium hydroxide, Strong Acids

**10.6** Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Polymerises exothermically with amines, mercaptans and Lewis acids at ambient temperature and above. Polymerises in contact with caustic soda. Reacts exothermically with bases (eg caustic soda), ammonia, primary and secondary amines, alcohols, water and acids. Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure			
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phen	bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane						
Remarks - Oral:	Not acutely toxic	in multiple mouse an	d rat studies, LD50 >	2000 mg/kg of			
	body weight.	body weight.					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	11,400 mg/kg	-			
Remarks - Inhalation:	Due to the very lo	w vapor pressure, sat	turated atmosphere =	0.008 ppb,			
	meaningful acute	inhalation studies cou	uld not be conducted.				
Remarks - Dermal:	In a rat OECD no.	. 402 study the derma	al LD50 was > 2000 n	ng/kg. In multiple			
	rabbit acute derma	al studies the LD50 w	vas > 2000  mg/kg. Or	ne rabbit study			
	reported an LD50	value of 23 grams/kg	j.				
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	2,000 mg/kg	-			
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, r	eaction mass of ison	mers					
Remarks - Oral:	The acute oral me	dian lethal dose (LD:	50) in the Fischer 344	strain rat was			
	found to be greate	r than 2000 mg/kg bo	odyweight.				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	> 2,000 mg/kg	-			
Remarks - Inhalation:	In accordance with	h REACH Annex VI	I, the acute inhalation	study does not			
	need to be conduc	ted as oral and derma	al studies are available	e for this substance.			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	> 2,000 mg/kg	-			
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkylo	oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.						
	LD50 Oral	Rat	17,100 mg/kg	-			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	26,800 mg/kg	-			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>4,000 mg/kg	-			

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral	Dermal	Inhalation (gases)	Inhalation (vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists)
bis-[4-(2,3-	11400 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propan e					
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	17100 mg/kg	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
bis-[4-(2,3-	Skin -	Rabbit	1.5 - 2	•	-
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane	Erythema/Eschar				
1 1 /1 / 3 31 1	404 Acute Dermal				
	Irritation/Corrosion				
	Skin - Edema 404	Rabbit	1.0 - 1.5		-
	Acute Dermal				
	Irritation/Corrosion				
	Eyes 405 Acute	Rabbit	0		_
	Eye	11			
	Irritation/Corrosion				
	Eyes - Redness of	Rabbit	0.7		_
	the conjunctivae	11	0.7		
	Skin - Moderate	Rabbit		24 hrs	_
	irritant	Rubbit		211113	
	Skin - Severe	Rabbit	_	24 hrs	_
	irritant	Rubbit		211113	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_		_
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether,	Skin -	Rabbit	0.7	4 hrs	72 hrs
reaction mass of isomers	Erythema/Eschar	Rabbit	0.7	7 111 5	/2 1113
reaction mass of isomers	404 Acute Dermal				
	Irritation/Corrosion				
	Skin - Edema 404	Rabbit	0	4 hrs	4 - 504 hrs
	Acute Dermal	Rabbit		7 111 5	4 - 304 III s
	Irritation/Corrosion				
	Eyes - Cornea	Rabbit	0		1 - 168 hrs
	opacity 405 Acute	Rabbit			1 - 100 iiis
	Eye				
	Irritation/Corrosion				
	Eyes - Iris lesion	Rabbit	0		1 - 168 hrs
	405 Acute Eye	Rabbit			1 - 100 ms
	Irritation/Corrosion				
	Eyes - Redness of	Rabbit	0		1 - 168 hrs
	the conjunctivae	Rabbit			1 - 100 1113
	405 Acute Eye				
	Irritation/Corrosion				
	Eyes - Edema of	Rabbit	0		1 - 168 hrs
	the conjunctivae	Rabbit			1 100 1113
	405 Acute Eye				
	Irritation/Corrosion				
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	<del> </del> -	24 hrs	_
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-	Skin - Primary	Rabbit	4.1	24 hrs	72 hrs
alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	dermal irritation	Kaoon	7.1	27 1113	/ 2 1113
arkyloxy/methylj delivs.	index (PDII) OTS				
	798.4470 Acute				
	Dermal Irritation				
	Skin - Primary	Rabbit	5.75	24 hrs	72 hrs
	dermal irritation	Kabbit	3.13	27 111 5	121118
	index (PDII) 404				
	Acute Dermal				
	Acute Dellilai	L			

Irritation/Corrosion				
Eyes - Cornea	Rabbit	2		1 - 24 hrs
opacity 405 Acute				
Eye				
Irritation/Corrosion				
Skin - Moderate	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
irritant				

Conclusion/Summary

Skin:Not availableEyes:Not availableRespiratory:Not available

#### **Sensitization**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result		
bis-[4-(2,3-	Skin	See Remarks	Sensitizing		
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propan					
e					
Remarks:	In an OECD No. 429 mou	se LLNA study the estimate	ed EC3 was a		
	concentration of 5.7% sug	gesting that BADGE is a m	oderate skin sensitizer in		
		CD No. 406 guinea pig Max			
		eaction in 100% of the test a			
		ose. Therefore, BADGE is			
		tions of this study. BADGE			
		No. 406 guinea pig Buehler	method study.		
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether,	Skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing		
reaction mass of isomers					
Remarks:		employed to evaluate the de			
		GE Epoxy Resin. Ten male			
		ally once a week for three w			
		esin was used on ten addition			
		weeks later with an addition			
		E Epoxy Resin. The negative			
		DGE Epoxy Resin had 4 of			
		nd 8 of ten positive reactions			
		l caused delayed hypersensi			
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-	Skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing		
alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.					
Remarks:		A. OTS test guideline no. 87			
	study demonstrating positive dermal reactions in 20/20 guinea pigs. An				
	extreme sensitizer in an O.E.C.D. test guideline no. 406 guinea pig				
	Maximization study.	T	T		
	Skin	Guinea pig	Sensitizing OECD Test		
			Guideline 406		

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Not availableRespiratory: Not available

#### Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result		
bis-[4-(2,3-	-	Subject: See Remarks	Positive		
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propan					
e					
Remarks:	BADGE induced gene-mutation in Ames/Salmonella tester strains TA1535 and				
	TA100 in multiple studies. Generally, mutagenic activity was greater without				
	liver S9 metabolic activation. Induced gene-mutation in L5178Y mouse				
	lymphoma cells. Induced gene-mutation and chromosome damage in Chinese				
	hamster V79 cells. Induced	d cell transformation in Syria	n hamster BHK cells		

	based on clonal growth in s	oft agar		
		Subject: Mammalian-	Negative	
		Animal	regative	
		7		
Remarks:	Did not induce evidence of chromosome damage in a mouse dominant lethal			
	oral gavage study conducted up to a high dose level of 10 grams/kg and in a			
	mouse micronucleus test co	onducted up to a high dose of	5000 mg/kg. Negative	
		yte cytogenetic assay with tre		
	oral gavage up to a high dose of 3000 mg/kg. Did not induce an increase in the			
		damage in a Chinese hamster		
		rage up to a high dose of 3300		
		strand breaks in rat liver cell		
Disphanal E dislavaidal other	treatment with 500 mg/kg a	as measured by alkaline elution	Positive	
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, reaction mass of isomers	_	Subject: See Remarks Experiment: In vitro	Positive	
Remarks:	Rienhanol E Diglycidylathe	er induced gene-mutation in t	ha Amas/Salmanalla	
Kemarks:		omal aberrations in human ly		
		ne GLP studies. Furthermore		
		er (BPADGE) induce a signif		
		Y mouse lymphoma cells in		
		SPFDGE is genotoxic in vitro		
	-	Subject: Mammalian-	Negative	
		Animal		
		Experiment: In vivo		
Remarks:	When Bisphenol F Diglycidylether was evaluated for genotoxicity potential in			
	multiple GLP in vivo assays including the mouse micronucleus, rat in vivo/in			
	vitro UDS and MutaMouse tests no evidence of genotoxicity was observed. The			
	results of other in vivo tests for genotoxicity also supported these negative findings for BPFDGE. Therefore, Bisphenol F Diglycidylether is not genotoxic			
	in vivo.	refore, Bisphenol F Diglycia	ylether is not genotoxic	
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-	OECD-Guideline 471	Subject: Bacteria	Positive	
alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	(Genetic Toxicology:	Experiment: In vitro	Tositive	
	Salmonella typhimurium,			
	Reverse Mutation Assay)			
Remarks:	Positive in an O.E.C.D. test	t guideline no. 471 bacterial i	nutation assay in	
	Salmonella tester strain TA	.1535 with and without S9 me	etabolic activation.	
		st guideline no. 476 Chinese		
		tion assay conducted up to cy		
		ctivation. Negative in a L51		
		y tested up to cytotoxic dose		
	474 Mammalian Erythrocyte	Subject: Mammalian- Animal	Negative	
	Micronucleus Test	Experiment: In vivo		
Remarks:		(chromosome damage) induc	tion in an O.E.C.D. test	
Kellal AS.		udy conducted up to a high I.		
		t bone marrow chromosome		
		ilar to O.E.C.D. test guideline		
	injection up to a high dose	of approximately 700 mg/kg.	·	
	476 In vitro Mammalian	Subject: Mammalian-	Negative	
	Cell Gene Mutation Test	Animal		
	450 G	Experiment: In vitro	37	
	479 Genetic Toxicology:	Subject: Mammalian-	Negative	
	In vitro Sister Chromatid	Animal		
	Exchange Assay in	Experiment: In vitro		
	Mammalian Cells 475 Mammalian Bone	Subject: Mammalian	Negative	
	Marrow Chromosomal	Subject: Mammalian- Animal	INEGALIVE	
	Aberration Test	Experiment: In vitro		
Conclusion/Summary	• Not available	Experiment. III vitto	l	

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
bis-[4-(2,3-	Negative -	See Remarks			
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propan	Unreported -				
e	NOEL				
Remarks:	In a rat oral gavage	OECD no. 453 study	there was no evider	nce of	
	carcinogenicity up	to the high dose level	of 100 mg/kg/day.	OECD Test	
	Guideline no. 453 d	dermal exposure stud	ies were conducted o	n male mice and	
	female rats. No evidence of carcinogenicity was observed in male mice treated				
	up to the high dose of 100 mg/kg/day and female rats exposed up to a high dose				
	level of 1000 mg/kg	g/day.			
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether,	Negative -	Mouse			
reaction mass of isomers	Dermal - NOEL				
Remarks:	Bisphenol F Diglycidylether (BPFDGE) was evaluated for the potential to				
	induce local and systemic tumors in a mouse skin-painting 24 month study.				
	Dermal treatment of mice twice a week with up to a 10% solution of Bisphenol				
	F Diglycidylether (BPFDGE) did not induce any adverse findings of tumor				
	incidence or local dermal effects. Therefore, BPFDGE is not a mouse				
	carcinogen under the conditions of this study. The NOAEL was estimated to be				
	approximately 800	mg/kg/day.			

Conclusion/Summary

Not available

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmen t toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	-	Positive	-	Rat	Oral: 10 mg/kg/d Repeated dose 443 Extended One- Generation Reproductive Toxicity Study	-

Conclusion/Summary

Not available

#### **Teratogenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure		
bis-[4-(2,3-	Negative - Oral	Rabbit	-	-		
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propan						
e						
Remarks:	BADGE did not induce any evidence of development toxicity in rats and rabbits exposed by oral gavage or in rabbits treated by the dermal route in OECD Test Guideline no. 414 GLP studies. The oral gavage studies were conducted up to a					
		high dose level of 180 mg/kg/day that produced maternal toxicity base on				
	decreased body weight gain. The rabbit dermal study was conduced up to a					
	high dose of 300 mg/kg/day that induced maternal toxicity based on reduced					
	body weight gain.	body weight gain.				
Bisphenol F diglycidyl	Negative -	Rabbit	-	-		
ether, reaction mass of	Dermal					
isomers						
Remarks:	toxicity and teratog the backs (clipped f (polyethylene glyco a dose volume of 1 Twenty six insemin	bisphenol A (DGEB enicity in pregnant rafree of hair) of New 2 ol, vehicle control), 3 ml/kg body weight/dated rabbits were use gnant rabbits per exp	abbits. DGEBPA was Zealand White rabbits 0, 100 or 300 mg/kg lay on days 6 through ed per dose group res	s applied daily to s at dose levels of 0 body weight/day at a 18 of gestation. ulting in a		

	the back of each ral hours/day using a ly bandage and jacket Maternal toxicity w group as evidenced slight edema at the observed in pregnat (slight erythema) of were not considered	bbit. The bandage waycra/spandex jacket. were removed. vas observed among p by moderate to seve exposure site. Simila nt rabbits in the 100 p bserved in pregnant r d toxicicologically si	on was placed over the sheld in place for a respective fo	minimum of 6 ion period the e 300 mg/kg dose hemorrhage and lesions were group. Skin effects g/day dose group e of embryo/fetal
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	embryo/fetal no-observed-effect level of 300 mg/kg body weight/day.  Negative - Rat			
Remarks:	In a U.S. E.P. A. OTS 798.4420 and O.E.C.D. test guideline no. 414 developmental toxicity study conducted by the dermal route in the rat, the NOAEL for both maternal and developmental adverse effects was greater than the high dose level of 200 mg/kg/day.			

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available

#### **Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**

Not available

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available

Information on likely routes of

exposure

Not available

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eve contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation,

watering, redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight,

increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness,

reduced fetal weight, increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight,

increase in fetal deaths, skeletal malformations

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### **Short term exposure**

Potential immediate effects: Not availablePotential delayed effects: Not available

#### Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects: Not availablePotential delayed effects: Not available

#### Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-	NOAEL Dermal	Rat	1 mg/kg/d	90 days Repeated
alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.			Repeated dose	dose; 5 days per
			411 Subchronic	week Repeated
			Dermal Toxicity:	dose
			90-day Study	

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

**General**: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** : May damage fertility.

#### 11.2. Information on other hazards

**11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties** : Not available **11.2.2 Other information** : Not available

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phen	yl]propane		
	Acute LC50 1.3 mg/l - 203	Fish	96 h
	Fish, Acute Toxicity Test		
	Acute LC50 1.3 mg/l 203	Fish	96 h
	Fish, Acute Toxicity Test		
	Acute EC50 2.1 mg/l - 202	Water flea	48 h
	Daphnia sp. Acute		
	Immobilization Test and		
	Reproduction Test		
	Acute LC50 $> 11 \text{ mg/l}$ -	Algae	72 h
	Acute LC50 > 11 mg/l	Algae	72 h
	Chronic NOEC 0.3 mg/l semi-	Water flea	21 d
	static test 211 Daphnia Magna		
	Reproduction Test		
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether, 1	reaction mass of isomers		
	Acute LC50 2.54 mg/l	Fish	96 h
	Acute EC50 2.55 mg/l - 202	Water flea	48 h
	Daphnia sp. Acute		
	Immobilization Test and		
	Reproduction Test		
	Acute EC50 > 1,000 mg/l 201	Algae	72 h
	Alga, Growth Inhibition Test		
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-alkylo	oxy)methyl] derivs.		
	Acute LC50 > $1.8 \text{ g/l} - 203$	Rainbow trout, donaldson	96 h
	Fish, Acute Toxicity Test	trout	
	Acute LC50 $> 5.0 \text{ g/l} - 203$	Bluegill	96 h
	Fish, Acute Toxicity Test		
	Acute LC50 > 100.0 mg/l - 203	Rainbow trout,donaldson	96 h
	Fish, Acute Toxicity Test	trout	

Acute EC50 7.2 mg/l - 202	Water flea	48 h
Daphnia sp. Acute		
Immobilization Test and		
Reproduction Test		
Acute EC50 844 mg/l - 201	Algae	72 h
Alga, Growth Inhibition Test		
Acute EC50 844 mg/l 201	Algae	72 h
Alga, Growth Inhibition Test		
Acute EC50 > 100 mg/l Fresh	activated sludge, domestic	3 h
water OECD-Guideline No.	(adaptation not specified)	
209		

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
bis-[4-(2,3-	OECD-Guideline	6 - 12 % - No	-	Activated sludge
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propan	301 F	biodegradation -		
e	(Manometric	28 d		
	Respirometry			
	Test)			
Remarks:			nced" OECD 301F st	
			on reached 6 - 12 %	•
		•	01B study. Therefore	e, BADGE is not
		ole under the condition	ons of the studies.	
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether,	OECD-Guideline	16 % - No	10 mg/l	Activated sludge
reaction mass of isomers	301 B (CO2	biodegradation -		
	Evolution Test)	28 d		
Remarks:			dily biodegradable u	
			ing studies. The max	-
	<u> </u>		.E.C.D. 301 B studie	s was 16% for 10
	mg/L at 28 days of	contact.		
ovinona mana[(C12.14	OECD-Guideline	97 0/ Dandily		A ativata d aludas
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-		87 % - Readily	-	Activated sludge
alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.	301 F	biodegradable - 28 d		
	(Manometric Respirometry	20 U		
	Test)			
	1681)			

Conclusion/Summary : Not available

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
bis-[4-(2,3-	2.64 - 3.78	3 - 31 31.00	low
epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane			
Bisphenol F diglycidyl ether,	3.3	150	low
reaction mass of isomers			
oxirane, mono[(C12-14-	3.77	160 - 263 160.00	low
alkyloxy)methyl] derivs.			

#### **12.4** Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient** : Not available

(KOC)

**Mobility** : Not available

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

**12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties** : Not available

**12.7 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### **Product**

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever

possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the

requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste**: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a

hazardous waste.

#### **Packaging**

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever

possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Regulatory information	14.1. UN number	14.2. UN proper shipping name	14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	14.4. Packing group
ADR/ADN	3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (EPOXIDE DERIVATIVES)	9	III
RID	3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (EPOXIDE DERIVATIVES)	9	III
ICAO/IATA	3082	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (EPOXIDE DERIVATIVES)	9	III

IMO/IMDG 3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE,

LIQUID, N.O.S.

(EPOXIDE DERIVATIVES)

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous and/or Marine Pollutant : Yes.



III

**14.6** Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7** Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not available

# **SECTION 15:** Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

#### Annex XIV

None required.

#### Substances of very high concern

None required.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Restricted to professional users.

#### **Other EU regulations**

**REACH Status** 

: The substance(s) in this product has (have) been Registered, or are exempted from registration, according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH).

#### Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

None required.

#### **Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### Danger criteria

Category

E2

#### **National regulations**

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 6.1C

#### Hazardous incident ordinance

This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

#### Danger criteria

Category	Reference number
E2	1.3.2

Hazard class for water

Technical instruction on air

quality control

AOX

WGK 2TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 72 %

TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: Class I - 17 %

: The product contains organically bound halogens and can contribute

to the AOX value in waste water.

#### **International regulations**

**International lists** : Australia inventory (AICS). All components are listed or exempted.

Canada inventory. All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC). All components are listed or exempted. Korea inventory (KECI) All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory (NZIoC) All components are listed or exempted. Philippines inventory (PICCS). All components are listed or exempted. United States inventory (TSCA 8b). All components are active or exempted.

Taiwan inventory (TCSI). All components are listed or exempted.

Thailand inventory Not determined. Vietnam inventory Not determined.

**15.2** Chemical Safety Assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

**Abbreviations and acronyms** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation

[Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Repr. 1B, H360F	Calculation method

Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method
1 ,	

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H360F	May damage fertility.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Aquatic Chronic 2	AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Repr. 1B	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A

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#### Notice to reader

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.