### Safety Data Sheet

### Hempathane HS 55619 Base



1.4 Emergency telephone number

+45 45 93 38 00 (08.00 - 17.00)

See section 4 First aid measures.

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878 - Europe

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: Hempathane HS 55619 Base
Product identity: 5561900010, 001384B0

Product type: polyurethane paint (base for multi-component product)

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Field of application: metal industry

Ready-for-use mixture : 55610 = 55619 7 vol. / 97050 1 vol.

Identified uses : Industrial applications, Used by spraying.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company details : HEMPEL A/S

Lundtoftegårdsvej 91 DK-2800 Kgs. Lyngby

Denmark

Tel.: + 45 45 93 38 00 hempel@hempel.com

Date of issue : 6 May 2025

Date of previous issue: 9 December 2024.

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification** 

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS Skin Sens. 1, H317 SKIN SENSITIZATION

STOT SE 3, H335 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation)

STOT SE 3, H336 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects)

Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM)

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms:







Signal word: Warning

Hazard statements : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention: Wear protective gloves. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment.

Response: Collect spillage.

Hazardous ingredients: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.

Reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-

4-piperidyl sebacate

Supplemental label elements: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-

resistant fastenings:

Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger: Not applicable.

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#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result None known.

in classification:

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) N	lo. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 918-668-5 CAS: 128601-23-0	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7 Index: 022-006-00-2	≥10 - ≤25	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥1 - ≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (gases)] = 5000 ppm	[1] [2]
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6	≥1 - ≤3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
n-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥1 - ≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Reaction mass of bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	REACH #: 01-2119491304-40 CAS: 1065336-91-5	≤1	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 2, H361 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
trimethylolpropane	REACH #: 01-2119486799-10 EC: 201-074-9 CAS: 77-99-6	≤0.3	Repr. 2, H361fd	-	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text above.	of the H statements declared	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Туре

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit, see section 8.
- [\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth

to an unconscious person.

If breathing is irregular, drowsiness, loss of consciousness or cramps: Call 112 and give immediate

treatment (first aid).

Eye contact : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15

minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Seek immediate medical attention/advice.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Give nothing by mouth. If

not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention

immediately.

Skin contact: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or

thinners. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

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#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Ingestion: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm

and at rest. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Lower the head so

that vomit will not re-enter the mouth and throat.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that

fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May

cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

Ingestion: No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been

ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Extinguishing media: Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO2, powders, water spray.

Not to be used: waterjet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or

mixture:

Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material

must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus

oxides metal oxide/oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

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#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid all direct contact with the spilled material. Exclude sources of ignition and be aware of explosion hazard. Ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapors in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should be used only in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. To dissipate static electricity during transfer, ground drum and connect to receiving container with bonding strap. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid inhalation of vapour, dust and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in area where this material is handled, stored and processed. Appropriate personal protective equipment: see Section 8. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials and ignition sources. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from: Oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See separate Product Data Sheet for recommendations or industrial sector specific solutions.

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values		
xylene n-butyl acetate	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.  TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.  TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³.  STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.  STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³.  EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022)  STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.  STEL 15 minutes: 723 mg/m³.  TWA 8 hours: 241 mg/m³.  TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.		

Biological exposure indices

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#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
No exposure limit value known.	

#### Recommended monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **Derived effect levels**

Product/ingredient name	Type - Population - Exposure	Value	Effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	12.5 mg/kg bw/day	Effects: Systemic
, , .	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	1.9 mg/m³	Effects: Systemic
xylene	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	77 mg/m³	Effects: Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Effects: Systemic
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	5 mg/m³	Effects: Systemic
, , , ,	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	Effects: Systemic
n-butyl acetate	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	300 mg/m³	Effects: Systemic
•	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Effects: Systemic
trimethylolpropane	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal	0.94 mg/kg bw/day	Effects: Systemic
• • •	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation	3.3 mg/m³	Effects: Systemic

#### Predicted effect concentrations

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value
xylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l
•	Marine water	0.327 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg
	Sewage Treatment Plant	6.68 mg/l
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Fresh water	20.6 μg/l
, , , ,	Marine water	6.1 µg/l
	Fresh water sediment	117.8 mg/kg dwt
	Marine water sediment	56.5 mg/kg dwt
	Soil	35.6 mg/kg dwt
	Sewage Treatment Plant	52 μg/l
n-butyl acetate	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l
·	Marine	0.018 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0.981 mg/kg
	Marine water sediment	0.0981 mg/kg
	Soil	0.0903 mg/kg
	Sewage Treatment Plant	35.6 mg/l

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Arrange sufficient ventilation by local exhaust ventilation and good general ventilation to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors or dust lowest possible and below their respective threshold limit value. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location.

#### Individual protection measures

General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be

worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact

with the product. Safety eyewear should be used when there is a likelihood of exposure.

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling compounds and before eating, smoking,

using lavatory, and at the end of day.

Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment

indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of

protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Hand protection: Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training. The

quality of the chemical-resistant protective gloves must be chosen as a function of the specific

workplace concentrations and quantity of hazardous substances.

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Vanor proceure at 50°C

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Since the actual work situation is unknown. Supplier of gloves should be contacted in order to find the appropriate type. Below listed glove(s) should be regarded as generic advice:

Recommended: Silver Shield / Barrier / 4H gloves, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), Viton®

May be used: nitrile rubber (>0.3 mm)

Short term exposure: neoprene rubber (>0.1 mm), butyl rubber (>0.5 mm), natural rubber (latex) (>0.4

mm), polyvinyl chloride (PVC), nitrile rubber (>0.1 mm), butyl rubber (>0.3 mm)

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and

the risks involved handling this product.

Wear suitable protective clothing. Always wear protective clothing when spraying.

Respiratory protection: When the product is applied by spraying and for continuous or prolonged work always wear an air-fed

> respirator e.g. hood with supply of fresh or compressed air or a full face, powered air purifying filter. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If working areas have insufficient ventilation: When the product is applied by means that will not generate an aerosol such as, brush or roller wear half or totally covering mask equipped with gas filter of type A, when grinding use particle filter of type P. (EN140) Be sure to use an approved/certified respirator or equivalent.

#### **Environmental exposure controls**

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid Color: White Odor: Solvent-like

: Ha Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product. Melting point/freezing point: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product. Boiling point/boiling range: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Flash point: Closed cup: 28°C (82.4°F)

Evaporation rate: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Flammability: Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and

static discharge and heat.

Flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: oxidizing materials.

Vanor Brassura et 20°C

	Vapor Fressure at 20 C			Val	Joi pressur	e at 50 C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	0.8 - 4.6	0.11 - 0.61				

Vapor density: Not available. 1.44 g/cm<sup>3</sup> Specific gravity:

Partition coefficient (LogKow): Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Auto-ignition temperature:

Vapor pressure:

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	280 - 470	536 - 878	

Decomposition temperature: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

Aspiration hazard (H304) Not classified. Testing not relevant due to nature of the product. Viscosity:

Explosive properties: Slightly explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and

static discharge.

Oxidizing properties: Testing not relevant or not possible due to nature of the product.

9.2 Other information

Solvent(s) % by weight: Weighted average: 25 % Water % by weight : Weighted average: 0 %

VOC content: 370.6 g/l

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#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

VOC content, Ready-for-use 338.5 g/l

mixture:

TOC Content: Weighted average: 326 g/l
Solvent Gas: Weighted average: 0.079 m³/l

#### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is stable.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids.

Slightly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: reducing materials.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When exposed to high temperatures (i.e. in case of fire) harmful decomposition products may be formed:

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Symptoms and signs include headaches, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Accidental swallowing may cause stomach pain. Chemical lung inflammation may occur if the product is taken into the lungs via vomiting.

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Dose / Exposure	Effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Rat - Oral - LD50	3492 mg/kg	
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	3160 mg/kg	
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor	6193 mg/m³ [4 hours]	
titanium dioxide	Rat - Oral - LD50	>5000 mg/kg	
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>5000 mg/kg	
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists	>6.8 mg/l [4 hours]	
xylene	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>4200 mg/kg	
	Rat - Oral - LD50	3523 mg/kg	
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor	6350 ppm [4 hours]	
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas.	5000 ppm [4 hours]	
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Rat - Oral - LD50	>5000 mg/kg	
n-butyl acetate	Rat - Oral - LD50	10768 mg/kg	
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50	>14112 mg/kg	
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor	>21 mg/l [4 hours]	
trimethylolpropane	Rat - Oral - LD50	14100 mg/kg	Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence
			(general depressed activity) Lung, Thorax,
			or Respiration - Dyspnea Lung, Thorax, or
			Respiration - Respiratory depression

Acute toxicity estimates

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#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Oral mg/kg	Dermal mg/kg	Inhalation (gases) ppm	Inhalation (vapors) mg/l	Inhalation (dusts and mists) mg/I
Fempathane HS 55619 Base Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. xylene n-butyl acetate trimethylolpropane	3492 3523 10768 14100	41488.2 3160 1100	188582.7 5000		

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours	Amount/concentration applied: 100 microliters
	Rabbit - Respiratory - Mild irritant Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant		
titanium dioxide	Human - Skin - Mild irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 72 hours	Amount/concentration applied: 300 Micrograms Intermittent
xylene	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours	Amount/concentration applied: 5 milligrams
	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours	Amount/concentration applied: 500 milligrams
	Rabbit - Skin - Irritant	·	
n-butyl acetate	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant	Duration of treatment/ exposure: 24 hours	Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg
	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant Rabbit - Respiratory - Mild irritant		

#### Sensitizer

No known data avaliable in our database.

#### **Mutagenic effects**

No known data avaliable in our database.

#### Carcinogenicity

No known data avaliable in our database.

#### Reproductive toxicity

No known data avaliable in our database.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3 Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects
n-butyl acetate	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs	
No known data avaliable in our database.				

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

#### Potential chronic health effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties

according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No

1272/2008.

Other information : No additional known significant effects or critical hazards.

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#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Acute - LC50	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	9.22 mg/l [96 hours]
	Acute - EC50	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)	2.6 mg/l [96 hours]
	Acute - EC50	Daphnia	3.2 mg/l [48 hours]
titanium dioxide	Acute - LC50	Fish	>100 mg/l [96 hours]
	Acute - LC50	Daphnia	>100 mg/l [48 hours]
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute - EC50	Daphnia	2.44 mg/l [48 hours]
	Acute - EC50	Algae	0.8 mg/l [72 hours]
n-butyl acetate	Acute - EC50	Daphnia	44 mg/l [48 hours]
	Acute - EC50	Algae	648 mg/l [72 hours]

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light		>70% [28 days] - Readily
arom.		
		>60% [28 days] - Readily
	OECD Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	78% [28 days] - Readily
xylene	·	>60% [28 days] - Readily
	OECD Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test	90 - 98% [28 days] - Readily
n-butyl acetate		90% [28 days] - Readily
,	OECD Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	80% [5 days] - Readily
trimethylolpropane	OECD Inherent Biodegradability: Zahn-Wellens/ EMPA Test	100% [28 days] - Readily
	•	

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.			Readily
xylene n-butyl acetate trimethylolpropane			Readily Readily Readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	$LogP_ow$	BCF	Potential
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	10 - 2500	High
xylene	3.12	8.1 - 25.9	Low
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	60960	High
n-butyl acetate	2.3	3.1	Low
trimethylolpropane	-0.47	<1	Low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

#### Soil/Water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	ngredient name logKoc			
xylene	1.59	39		
n-butyl acetate	1.52	33.2139		
trimethylolpropane	1.22	16.5101		

#### Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

Product/ingredient name	PMT	Р	М	Т	vPvM	νP	νM
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
xylene	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
n-butyl acetate	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	Yes
Reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
trimethylolpropane	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

Mobility: The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

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#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	T	vPvB	νP	vB
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
xylene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate							
trimethylolpropane	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No

#### Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	В	Т	vPvB	νP	vB
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
xylene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
n-butyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate							
trimethylolpropane	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No

Conclusion/Summary:

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Residues of the product is listed as hazardous waste. Dispose of according to all state and local applicable regulations. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Spillage, remains, discarded clothes and similar should be discarded in a fireproof container.

European waste catalogue no. (EWC) is given below.

European waste catalogue (EWC): 08 01 11\*

#### **Packaging**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Transport may take place according to national regulation or ADR for transport by road, RID for transport by train, IMDG for transport by sea, IATA for transport by air.

	14.1 UN / ID no.	14.2 Proper shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*	14.5 Env*	Additional information
ADR/RID Class	UN1263	PAINT	3	III	Yes.	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)
IMDG Class	UN1263	PAINT. (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.)	3	III	Yes.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.  Emergency schedules F-E, S-E

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### Hempathane HS 55619 Base



#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

IATA UN1263 **PAINT** 

Class

Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

PG\*: Packing group

Env.\*: Environmental hazards

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

#### 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization - Substances of very high concern

#### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles Not applicable.

#### Other EU regulations

Seveso category This product is controlled under the Seveso III Directive.

#### Seveso category

P5c: Flammable liquids 2 and 3 not falling under P5a or P5b E2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic 2

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Abbreviations and acronyms: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

RRN = REACH Registration Number DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

Flammable liquid and vapor. Full text of abbreviated H statements: H226

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H317 H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H361fd

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**EUH066** Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

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#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]: Acute Tox. 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4

Aquatic Acute 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

Asp. Tox. 1
Carc. 2
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3
Repr. 2
Skin Irrit. 2
Skin Sens. 1

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1

Skin Sens. 1 Skin SENSITIZATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A

STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 3

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
	On basis of test data Calculation method
	Calculation method Calculation method
	Calculation method

#### Notice to reader

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and EU and national legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects for handling the product in a safe way and should not be construed as any guarantee of the technical preformance or suitability for particular applications.

It is always the duty of the user/employer to ascertain that the work is planned and carried out in accordance with the national regulations.

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# **Safe Use of Mixture Information Hempathane HS 55619 Base**



This document is intended to communicate the conditions of safe use for the product and should always be read in combination with the product's Safety Data Sheet and labels.

#### General description of the process covered

Indoor or outdoor spray painting by professionals or with brush, roller, putty knife, dipping etc. with good general room ventilation

This safe use information is linked to

: Professional spray painting and/or low-energy painting, local effect - Level II

Skin Sens. 1, Eye Irrit. 2, Asp. Tox. 1 or Solvent.

Sector(s) of use : Industrial uses - Professional uses

Product category(ies) : Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers

**Operational conditions** 

Place of use : Indoor or outdoor use

#### Risk management measures (RMM)

Contributing	Process	Maximum duration	Ventilation		Respiratory	Eye	Hands
activity	category (ies)	duration	Type and air changes per hour				
Preparation of material for application	PROC05	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	None	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Loading of application equipment and handling of coated parts before curing	PROC08a	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	None	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Professional application of coatings by brush or roller	PROC10	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	None	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Professional application of coatings by spraying	PROC11	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with an assigned protection factor of at least 10.	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Film formation - force drying, stoving and other technologies	PROC04	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	None	None	None
Cleaning	PROC05	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	None	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Waste management	PROC08a	More than 4 hours	Good general room ventilation - Outdoors	3 - 5	None	Use eye protection according to EN 166.	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

See section 8 of this Safety Data Sheet for specifications.









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